

MEMORANDUM

TO: ALPINE Ski Championship Teams & Individuals

FROM: MPA Ski Committee
Scott Walker, Chair

DATE: February 14, 2017

SUBJECT: State Alpine Ski Championships

Congratulations and welcome to the schools and individuals that will be competing in the upcoming Alpine ski championships! Below please find some general information that should help answer some of your questions. Please share this information freely with your coaches, athletes, and parents. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to contact Scott Walker (207-443-8250 or swalker@rsu1.org) or Mike Burnham at the MPA office (622-0217, ext. 25 or mburnham@mpa.cc).

2017 ALPINE SKI SCHEDULES: Attached to this memo you will find updated championship schedules for the Alpine meets. This year, for the first time, we will be running separate Alpine and Nordic championships. This memo is specifically for the Alpine events.

QUALIFYING FOR INDIVIDUAL EVENTS: For the 2017 Alpine championships, athletes competing in the championship races must have competed in at least one meet in the event during the regular season. Waiver requests for skiers who were NOT able to ski in one meet must be submitted to the MPA office.

ENTRY FEES: Fees this year remain at \$375 per team and \$125 per individual if you don't have a full team. Lift fees at the Alpine venues on the days before the events are determined at each site.

COACHES' ELIGIBILITY: Any coach that is working with athletes must be listed on the MPA coaches' eligibility form submitted by the school. Any coach listed as an eligible coach may be issued a coaches' lift ticket.

COACHES' MEETINGS: The coaches' meetings each day are extremely important to get directions from the officials. ***Please make sure that one coach from your team attends these meetings.***

ENTRY FORMS: These must be submitted to the MPA office on or before February 15, 2017. Any athlete competing as an individual must use the standard entry form and must include a coach who meets eligibility standards and accompanies the athlete to the meet. In the transition to separate championships, the entry process will still utilize the same software and process for this year.

RULES: All championship meets are governed by the Maine Interscholastic Skiing Rules and the MPA Ski Bulletin. Copies of the 2017 Ski Rule Book and the 2017 Ski Bulletin may be found on the MPA website: http://www.mpa.cc/images/bulletins/bulletin_ski.pdf and <http://www.mpa.cc/index.php/interscholastic-activities-and-committees/skiing/ski-rule-book>.

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SPORTSMANSHIP: All competitors and coaches are expected to conduct themselves in a respectful and sportsmanlike manner. Swearing or other unsportsmanlike behavior will cause a competitor to be disqualified and to lose any points earned during the meet. Sportsmanship voting is now underway and will be open through February 17.

LODGE SPACE / CONCESSIONS: Space is limited at all of the ski lodges. Each venue has their own concession stand where food will be available. Tailgating (including the use of electrical appliances) in any of the lodges is **not permitted** and schools and/or families are asked to occupy no more than one or two of the available tables in the lodge. Teams wishing to tailgate may do so in the parking areas. ***Please share this information with any ski booster/parent groups well in advance of the championship events.***

BIBS: All bibs must be worn outside of the clothing and must be clearly visible with the numbers showing.

WAXING: Only those ski coaches meeting MPA Coaches' Eligibility Standards and parents of athletes listed on the ski team roster may wax skis at the ski meet.

T-SHIRTS: Action Screen Printing t-shirts and sweatshirts will be on sale at the state championship site.

VIDEO: No video evidence will be allowed during a protest.

DIRECTIONS:

BLACK MOUNTAIN

(39 Glover Road, Rumford)

From Portland and Points South:

1. Take 95 N to Lewiston/Augusta (tolls).
2. Take the US-202/ME-4/ME-100 exit, exit number 75 (Auburn), towards FARMINGTON/RUMFORD/RANGELEY/MECHANIC FALLS.
Go 0.45 miles
3. Keep LEFT at the fork in the ramp.
Go 0.04 miles
4. Turn LEFT onto US-202 E.
Go 4.73 miles
5. US-202 E becomes ME-4 N.
Go 20.21 miles
6. Turn SLIGHT LEFT onto ME-108.
Go 16.55 miles
7. Turn RIGHT onto N. MAIN ST. in West Peru.
Go 0.38 miles (Across bridge spanning the Androscoggin River)
8. Turn SLIGHT LEFT onto US-2 W.
Go 5.03 miles through Mexico.

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9. Turn SHARP RIGHT onto ME-120 (Hancock St.) in Rumford.
Go 2.01 miles (You will pass Mountain Valley High School)
10. Turn SHARP LEFT onto Isthmus Road.
Go 2.4 miles
11. Turn Right onto Glover Road
Go 300 feet to Black Mountain of Maine

Points West:

1. From Bethel, Maine, go East on US-2 toward Rumford.
Go 22 miles
2. At the bottom of Falls Hill, turn sharp left onto Spruce St. by the Food Trend store in Rumford.
Go .4 mile
3. Continue straight onto Swain Road.
Go 1.8 miles
4. Turn sharp Right onto Isthmus Road.
Go 1.9 miles
5. Turn sharp Left onto Glover Road
Go 300 feet to Black Mountain of Maine.

From Bangor and Points East:

1. From Bangor, take I-95 S towards Newport to the ME-11/ME-100 exit, exit number 157, towards US-2/NEWPORT/

From Skowhegan:

1. Go 30 miles.
2. Take the ME-11/ME-100 exit, exit number 39, towards US-2/NEWPORT/SKOWHEGAN
Go 0.2 mile. Keep RIGHT at the fork in the ramp.
3. Turn RIGHT onto ME-100.
Go 0.2 mile.
4. Turn LEFT onto US-2
Go 81 miles to Rumford
5. Turn SHARP RIGHT onto ME-120 (Hancock St.) in Rumford.
Go 2.01 miles (You will pass Mountain Valley High School)
6. Turn SHARP LEFT onto Isthmus Road.
Go 2.4 miles
7. Turn Right onto Glover Road
Go 300 feet to Black Mountain of Maine

MT. ABRAM SKI RESORT

(308 Howe Hill Road, Greenwood)

From the South - Take the Maine Turnpike to Exit 63 at Gray. Go north from Gray on Route 26 for 45 miles. Mt. Abram is on your left in Greenwood/Locke Mills.

From the North - Take I95 to Exit 157 at Newport. Go west on Route 2 through Rumford to Route 232 south. Turn right and travel north on Route 26 to Greenwood. Mt. Abram is on your left.

From the West - Take Route 2 east to Route 26 south to Greenwood. Mt. Abram is on your right.

From the East - From Augusta, take Route 202 west to Route 133 to Route 219 to Route 26 North to Greenwood. Mt. Abram is on your left.

**2017 MAINE PRINCIPALS' ASSOCIATION
SKIING CHAMPIONSHIPS SCHEDULE
"CLASS B ALPINE"**

*Start times may be altered only by the Jury.
All coaches will be notified as events are changed or updated.*

DAY ONE:

Tuesday, February 21 – Giant Slalom Competition

7:00 a.m.	Coaches' meeting at Black Mountain
8:00 a.m. – 8:45 a.m.	Boys Giant Slalom Course Inspection
9:00 a.m.	Boys Giant Slalom Competition (two runs)
11:45 a.m. – 12:30 p.m.	Girls Giant Slalom Course Inspection
12:45 p.m.	Girls Giant Slalom Competition (two runs)

DAY TWO:

Wednesday, February 22 - - Slalom

7:00 a.m.	Coaches' meeting at Black Mountain
8:00 a.m. – 8:45 a.m.	Boys Slalom Course Inspection
9:00 a.m.	Boys Slalom Competition (two runs)
11:45 a.m. – 12:30 p.m.	Girls Slalom Course Inspection
12:45 p.m.	Girls Slalom Competition (two runs)

Alpine Awards will be presented at the conclusion of the Girls' races.

Class B Alpine State Championships
Black Mountain Ski Resort and Chisholm Ski Club

Greetings,

Black Mountain Ski Resort and the Chisholm Ski Club are very excited to play host to this year's Class B Alpine events. The race hill is perfect with a great racing surface and coverage. The terrain is great with rolls created by mounds of manmade snow.

With the race hill directly in front of the lodge, it makes for a great event for parents and friends to watch. A short walk from the lodge puts you at the finish arena with all the action. Our Club will be streaming live results to the web, as long as the link stays up and live results in the lodge on the big screen. All of you have the MPA event schedule and we will adhere to the time line to make sure all events go off on schedule. We ask that coaches make the meeting set for 7 am both days. Please be on time.

For those spectators that want to be on skis, lift tickets can be purchased in the lower level of the lodge for \$37.00. The base lodge offers a warm get away if needed with two fireplaces to gather around. Bathrooms are available both on the first floor and the lower level. Our snack bar offers affordable food choices and you can find a malt bar on the second level.

A few housekeeping items you should know about. We expect the day to be very busy with school vacations so we ask for your help to manage the crowds. Cubbies are located throughout the lodge and we ask that you use them to keep the floors and tables free of gear. Any items found on tables will be moved to available cubbies by our staff. Please make sure all of your parents are made aware as well. No tailgating or team feeding is allowed in the lodge. There just is no room for large spreads and for people to sit. Tailgating is encouraged in the parking lot and a favorite place is in the spillover parking lot to the right of the new base lodge. At no time can any electrical items be plugged in on either side of the base lodge or inside. For fire and safety reasons, we will ask you to remove them. The old base lodge, now the competition center is also a great place to gather and all we ask you to do is clean up after yourself. This area is on a first come first serve basis.

For those of you that would like a wax cabin for the event, these are available on a first come first serve basis and can be reserved by emailing us at www.chisholmski@gmail.com. These units are lockable for all your gear and waxing. Fee for the two day event is \$100 plus a refundable \$50 key deposit.

Final alpine awards will be held shortly after the conclusion of the girl's events. Awards ceremony will be in front of the base lodge just under the bridge.

Attached is the Mountain risk release form that needs to be signed by all of your athletes. Please bring these when you arrive day of race. Drop them off when you pick up your bibs.

Best of luck to you and your team and we look forward to seeing you next week.

Regards,
Roger Arsenault
Race Chairman

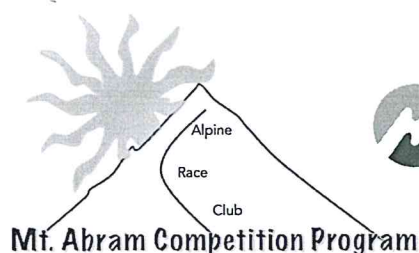
Dear Coaches, Parents & Student Athletes,

We are very excited to once again be hosting the Class A Skiing State Championships! As we welcome you to our mountain, we would like to share the following with you: February vacation week is a very busy time at the mountain and as we welcome you to this championship event we are also serving many other guests, in order to run the highest quality event for all of the student athletes we request that you remain aware and respectful of all others while at the mountain. Below you will find a few notes that will help for the event to run smoothly and successfully.

- Please be respectful of the lodge space and of other guests. Also there will be **NO Crock-Pots** permitted in the main lodge due to electrical, space and health concerns.
- We would also like to note that there will be a designated area for racers to keep their skis, **it will be required that skis be on a rack or in this area** as crowding the finish with skis causes a problem for the lift line and is a major safety concern should patrol need to come through for any reason.
- We will have the T-Bar running for the racers and would greatly appreciate if your teams could utilize this lift to keep the race running at a smooth pace and to avoid congestion on the main chair.

Thank you all in advance for helping us keep the whole mountain safe for all of our guests as well as your teams. We are looking forward to hosting an excellent event for all of you! Please feel free to email or me directly with any questions you may have.

Courtney Poston
Director of Alpine Racing
Mt. Abram
courtney@skimtabram.com
(207) 875-5000



February 22nd, 2017



**Maine State Championships
-Class A SL-**

7:00 AM Race Registration Opens in Loose Boots Lounge

7:15- Coaches Meeting Loose Boots Lounge

7:30- Lifts Open to Coaches and Athletes ACCESS TO COURSE SWEEPER TO BORIS

7:45 - 1st Run Inspection Opens
(Women's Skiers Right/ Men's Skiers Left)

8:30 - Course Inspection Closed From Top

8:45 - Course Inspection Closed

8:55- Forerunners

9:00 -First Run (Women's/Men's)

12:00 PM -2nd Run Inspection Opens
(Women's Skiers Right/ Men's Skiers Left)

12:30 – Inspection Closed From Top

12:45-Inspection Closed

1:00 PM- 2nd Run (Women's/ Men's)

Awards 45 Minutes From Completion of Race



February 21st, 2017



Maine State Championships

-Class A GS-

7:00 AM Race Registration Opens in Loose Boots Lounge

7:15- Coaches Meeting Loose Boots Lounge

7:45- Lifts Open to Coaches and Athletes ACCESS TO COURSE SWEEPER TO BORIS

8:00 – Women’s Inspection Opens

8:30 - Course Inspection Closed From Top

8:45 - Course Inspection Closed

8:55- Forerunners

9:00 –Women’s Race

Organized slip will immediately follow completion of 1st run.

2nd run will start at completion of slip

(Minor Adjustments will be made if needed between 1st & 2nd Runs)

12:00 PM –Men’s Inspection Opens

12:30 – Inspection Closed From Top

12:45-Inspection Closed

1:00 PM- Men’s Race

Organized slip will immediately follow completion of 1st run.

2nd run will start at completion of slip

(Minor Adjustments will be made if needed between 1st & 2nd Runs)

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Guidelines for Competition in the Cold

BY CARY S. KELLER, M.D.

Cold weather is not usually a barrier to athletic activity, but team and individual sports played in the late fall, winter and early spring place a large number of athletes at risk for cold injury. Environmental changes as simple as sunset, a rainstorm or an increase in wind speed can shift the body's thermal balance suddenly. As part or all of the body cools, there can be diminished exercise performance, frostbite, hypothermia and even death. Frostbite and hypothermia represent 20 percent of all injuries in Nordic skiers.

Physiological Response to Cold

Cold exposure produces peripheral vasoconstriction, decreasing peripheral blood flow, and decreasing convective heat loss from the body's core to its shell. Cold exposure also elicits increased heat production through skeletal muscle activity. This occurs through involuntary shivering (which can increase heat production six-fold) and through voluntary increased activity.

Athletes exposed to cold repeatedly can exhibit cold acclimatization, in which both cold-induced vasoconstriction and shivering are blunted. Compared to heat acclimatization, cold acclimatization is less pronounced, slower to develop and less effective in defending normal body temperature and preventing thermal injury.

Cold Injury

Frostbite occurs when tissue freezes. Frostbite can be in exposed skin, e.g. nose, ears, cheeks, but also occurs in hands and feet, because vasoconstriction lowers peripheral tissue temperature significantly. Numbness or a "wooden" feeling is usually the first symptom of frostbite in the hands and feet. With frostbite to exposed facial skin, however, there can be a burning feeling. Freezing of the tissue is often relatively painless. Re-warming is accompanied by sharp, aching pain and persistent loss of light touch sensation.

The risk of frostbite increases as temperature decreases. With appropriate precautions, the risk of frostbite can be less than five percent when ambient temperature is above 5 degrees F. But increased surveillance of athletes is appropriate when the wind chill falls below minus 18 degrees F, since exposed facial skin then freezes in 30 minutes or less. At these temperatures, consideration should be given to postponing or shortening athletic events. Predetermined school policies bring neutrality to that decision and help the public to anticipate

it. Several apps are available for calculation of wind chill.

Hypothermia is core temperature below 35C (95F). In mild hypothermia, an athlete feels cold, shivers, is apathetic and withdrawn, and demonstrates impaired athletic and mental performance. Coaches and athletes must recognize and respond to these early symptoms so as to avoid more severe hypothermia. The symptoms can be confused with concussion, hypoglycemia or drug use. As core temperature continues to fall, there is confusion, sleepiness, slurred speech and irrational thinking and behavior. Severe hypothermia causes cardiac arrhythmia and arrest. Efforts to resuscitate must persist until re-warming has been achieved.

Risk factors for Frostbite and Hypothermia

- 1) Exercising in water, rain and wind. Evaporation from wet clothing in a cold environment increases heat loss four-fold.
- 2) Lean athletes lack the insulation provided by fat and muscle mass and have more difficulty maintaining core temperature.
- 3) Fatigue, energy depletion, sleep deprivation and many endocrine disorders produce hypoglycemia. Hypoglycemia impairs muscular activity and shivering, decreasing heat production.
- 4) Physical fitness and strength training allow longer exercise at high intensity with prolonged heat production and maintenance of core temperature. Poor fitness thereby predisposes to cold injury.
- 5) Altitude greater than 8,000 feet decreases shivering and vasoconstriction response to cold.
- 6) Cessation of Exercise. Exercising, athletes produce heat by muscular activity and are at less risk for cold exposure injury. At the end of an event, or when exercise stops due to injury, heat is no longer being generated by exercise, but heat loss continues, and rapid cooling may result. Training alone, in remote places and at unusual hours, increases the length of exposure likely to occur before an injured athlete can be removed from the cold.

Preventing Cold Injury

- 1) Risk and Event Management
 - a. Assess environmental heat loss risk: temperature, wind, rain, solar load, immersion, altitude. Be alert to changes



in these factors. Athletes can then be advised to modify clothing or seek shelter. And event managers can consider shortening, moving or cancelling an event. Wind chill temperature index (WCT) integrates temperature and wind to estimate cooling power. The WCT predicts the risk of frostbite to exposed facial skin in a person moving at walking speed. The wind effect of the athlete moving at higher speed (run, ski, bike, skate) is not considered in calculating WCT. The risk of frostbite in the extremities is not predicted by WCT.

- b. Assess athletes' risk factors: exercise demands, fitness, fatigue, health, body fat, hydration and nutritional status.
 - c. Prepare appropriately: adequate training, clothing, water and food; scheduled clothing changes; provision of shelter and re-warming; planned monitoring of weather conditions and of athlete tolerance of the cold; and action plans to care for athletes, staff and spectators who are having difficulty staying warm.
- 2) **Clothing:** Exercise intensity and ambient temperature determine clothing (insulation) requirements during exercise. Hats are useful, as up to 50 percent of heat loss at rest is from the head. Layering is dressing with an inner layer that wicks perspiration to the outer layers for evaporation, a middle insulating layer that allows moisture transfer, and an outer layer, worn when necessary, to repel wind and rain but capable of transfer of perspiration to the air. Layering allows adjustment in insulation to prevent overheating and sweating, while remaining dry in wet conditions. Glove liners provide wicking and insulation for the hands. Mittens provide significantly more insulation than gloves. Clothing that constricts fingers or toes predisposes to peripheral cold injury. Wet clothing should be removed quickly and replaced, including socks and gloves.

- 3) **Food and Fluid Intake:** Exercise in cold environments increases energy expenditure and fluid loss. Insufficient carbohydrate reserves to maintain core temperature risks cold injury. Dehydration affects neither shivering nor vasoconstriction, but significant loss in circulating volume decreases perfusion. In cold as well as other temperatures, carbohydrate availability and dehydration are limiting factors in performance. Athletes can sustain exercise in cold by ingesting 6-12 percent carbohydrate beverages. Carbohydrate-rich foods are appropriate for prolonged exercise in the cold.

Wind-Chill Chart

		ACTUAL THERMOMETER READING F										
		CALM	50	40	30	20	10	0	-10	-20	-30	-40
ESTIMATED WIND SPEED MPH	5	48	37	27	16	6	5	-15	-26	-36	-47	-57
	10	40	28	16	-4	-9	-21	-33	-46	-58	-70	-83
	15	36	22	9	-5	-18	-36	-49	-68	-82	-95	-108
	20	32	18	4	-10	-25	-39	-53	-67	-82	-96	-110
	25	30	16	0	-15	-29	-44	-59	-74	-89	-104	-118
	30	28	13	-2	-18	-33	-48	-63	-78	-94	-109	-124
	35	27	11	-4	-20	-35	-49	-67	-83	-98	-113	-129
	40	25	10	-6	-21	-37	-53	-69	-85	-100	-116	-132
		LITTLE DANGER FOR PROPERLY CLOTHED PERSON				INCREASING DANGER				GREAT DANGER		

*Wind speeds greater than 40 MPH have little wind chill effect. DANGER FROM FREEZING OF EXPOSED FLESH

Field Treatment of Cold Injury

Frostbite: Seek shelter and insulation to maintain core temperature. Reverse vasoconstriction by re-warming. Re-warming is best accomplished with 1) body heat – the victim's or someone else's body heat (e.g., placing the cold hand into the axilla) or 2) warm water 104-109 degrees F (40-43 degrees C). Warmer water produces greater injury, swelling and tissue death. Once re-warming begins, avoid additional freezing. It is better to tolerate some additional time with frozen tissue during extrication from the cold than to re-warm and then suffer refreezing during extrication. Rubbing the injured

part tends to add mechanical damage to thermal damage, and is to be avoided.

Hypothermia: a) Conscious, hypothermic persons should have wet clothing removed and should be insulated with whatever warming material is available. If possible, evacuate to a warm building/car/shower. Encourage the drinking of large volumes of warm, sweet liquids to improve circulating volume and available energy for exercise. Encourage exercise to promote heat production by muscular activity. Such athletes usually respond to peripheral re-warming, but transport to medical care as a precaution against deterioration. b) Comatose, hypothermic athletes should be insulated and transported emergently. Field re-warming and field CPR are usually ineffective and only delay transport to a medical facility for rapid core re-warming and comprehensive care.

Cold-induced Bronchoconstriction

Exercise-induced bronchoconstriction (EIB) is a transient narrowing of the airways that is provoked by exercise. Cold weather athletes have an increased prevalence of EIB: Twenty-three percent of Olympic winter athletes and 33-50 percent of cross country skiers. High intensity exercise, high ventilation rate and exercise in indoor rinks predisposes. The EIB with cold exposure is believed to be due

to a combination of breathing dry air and reflex response to facial cooling. Impaired air quality in indoor rinks is implicated as an additional factor.

Cold Environment Modifies Trauma Protocols

The assessment and management of the injured athlete in a cold environment follows Basic Trauma Life Support protocols. Depending on the severity of the cold, the risk it represents to the injured athlete and to the rescuers, and the availability of warm shelter, evaluation and resuscitation may be delayed in order to extricate the athlete from the cold. Evacuation of the winter athlete from the scene of injury can be a challenge requiring special equipment, training and protocols, such as those developed by the National Ski Patrol.

As seasons change, extra beauty, exhilaration and challenge are brought to the excitement of athletic competition in the cold. Despite the serious risks of cold injury, thoughtful planning and preparation can ensure that safe outcomes accompany athletic success. ☺

Cary S. Keller, M.D., FACS is the medical director at Sportsmedicine and Orthopaedics Fairbanks in Fairbanks, Alaska. He is team physician for the University of Alaska, Fairbanks and Fairbanks North Star Borough School District. He chairs the Alaska School Activities Association Sports Medicine Advisory Committee and is a former member of the NFHS Sports Medicine Advisory Committee.

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2016-2017 MPA SKI BULLETIN

(updated 11/21/16)

SKI SEASON

November 28, 2016	First Practice
December 16, 2016	First Regular Season Meet (After 3 p.m.)
February 21-22, 2017	Class A Alpine – Mt. Abram
February 21-22, 2017	Class B Alpine – Black Mountain
February 23-24, 2017	Class A Nordic – Quarry Road
February 23-24, 2017	Class B Nordic – Sugarloaf Outdoor Center
February 23-24, 2017	Class C Nordic – Quarry Road
March 10, 2017	End of 2016-2017 Ski Sport Season

TERMS AND CONDITIONS

The Terms and Conditions of this bulletin and the MPA Ski Rule Book shall govern all regular season and tournament competition.

STATE CHAMPIONSHIP

A Team Champion will be recognized in each class in each event. Individual Skimeister champions will not be recognized.

ENTRY FORMS

Copies of the Entry Form must be received at the MPA office, ALPINE AND NORDIC SITE, by the day specified for each class. All inquiries regarding the management of the meets are to be made to the appropriate Meet Coordinator.

MEET INFORMATION

1. All championship skiing competitions shall be governed by the Maine Interscholastic Skiing Rules, as amended, and this bulletin. (Rules can be found on the MPA web site at www.mpa.cc.)
2. Based on the availability of venues at this year's championships, the scheduled this year is as follows:

CLASS A

Tuesday, February 21, 2017

Boys' Giant Slalom
Girls' Giant Slalom

Mt. Abram

Wednesday, February 22, 2017

Boys' Slalom
Girls' Slalom

Mt. Abram

Thursday, February 23, 2017

Boys' Classical
Girls' Classical

Quarry Road

Friday, February 24, 2017

Boys' Freestyle
Girls' Freestyle

Quarry Road

CLASS B

Tuesday, February 21, 2017

Boys' Giant Slalom
Girls' Giant Slalom

Black Mountain

Wednesday, February 22, 2017

Boys' Slalom
Girls' Slalom

Black Mountain

Thursday, February 23, 2017

Boys' Classical
Girls' Classical

Sugarloaf Outdoor Center

Friday, February 24, 2017

Boys' Freestyle
Girls' Freestyle

Sugarloaf Outdoor Center

CLASS C

Thursday, February 23, 2017

Boys' Classical
Girls' Classical

Quarry Road

Friday, February 24, 2017

Boys' Freestyle
Girls' Freestyle

Quarry Road

ALL REGULATIONS AS DETERMINED BY THE MPA SKI COMMITTEE RELATED TO SAFETY AND SPORTSMANSHIP SHALL BE ENFORCED IN ALL REGULAR SEASON SKI MEETS INVOLVING MPA MEMBER SCHOOLS.

3. In order for a competitor to participate in the state meet, a competitor must have competed in a minimum of one event of the discipline he/she is entered. A medical appeal must be submitted to the committee chair two weeks in advance of the state meet.
4. An individual competitor from a school not sponsoring a ski team may be entered providing the entrant's school has established a cooperative team agreement with another school; he/she must participate on a daily basis with the cooperative team. Individual entrants must use the standard entry form and entry application which must include a coach who meets the MPA coaches' eligibility standards and accompanies the athlete to the meet.
5. No school team may be entered in the team competition unless the school has sponsored a school team which has competed in interscholastic meets during the current season.
6. Teams/skiers entered in the Giant Slalom and Slalom races are REQUIRED to wear undamaged hardshell helmets.
7. All coaches, including volunteers, must meet MPA Coaches' Eligibility Standards to be working with athletes at all MPA ski meets. *Each coach must complete the NFHS "Concussion in Sport – What You Need to Know", "Heat Acclimatization", and the "Sudden Cardiac Arrest" videos that are available at the NFHS website (www.nfhslearn.com).
8. Coaches meeting eligibility standards, parents, and athletes may wax skis at meets

BONA FIDE TEAM RULE

A member of a school team is a student athlete who is regularly present for and actively participates in team practices and competitions. Bona fide members of a school team are prevented from missing high school practice or competition to compete or practice elsewhere.

* A single waiver per student athlete per sport season may be granted by the principal on a case-by-case basis for extraordinary circumstances. (e.g. If a student/athlete were invited to participate in a prestigious weekend event then a waiver may be granted. If a student/athlete were invited to participate in a nationally recognized tournament over a school vacation then **that** waiver may be granted for that activity. If a student requests to miss practice every Friday because he/she is receiving specialized coaching from an outside team/coach, then a waiver should not be granted **because it violates the spirit and intent of the rule.**)

** This policy is not intended to restrict dual sport participation in schools that allow dual participation.

*** Penalty for violation of this policy:

1st Violation Report violation to MPA office, suspension from play for one
game/contest

2nd Violation Report violation to MPA office, removal from team for remainder
of season

(Effective Date: 2011 Fall Sport Season)

FEES

Entry fees for the 2017 state meets will be \$375/team and \$125/individual. Each mountain may also charge a separate lift fee.

ALPINE SKI CLASSIFICATION

<u>CLASS A</u> 500+	<u>CLASS B</u> 0-499
1. Thornton (1422)	1. Yarmouth (496)
2. Lewiston (1318)* (G)	2. Gray-NG (495)
3. Bangor (1169)*	3. John Bapst (470)
4. Bonny Eagle (1134)*	4. Spruce Mountain (465)
5. Oxford Hills (1072)	5. Caribou (442)
6. Scarborough (1034)	6. Mountain Valley (418)
7. Windham (1005)	7. Mattanawcook (348)
8. Edward Little (977)	8. Fort Kent (295)
9. Falmouth/Waynflete (970)	9. Telstar (236)
10. Gorham (838)	10. Winthrop (227)* (B)
11. Brunswick (821)*	11. Maranacook (421)
12. Skowhegan (775)	12. Mt. Abram (247)
13. Marshwood (739)	13. Lee (153)
14. Mt. Blue (696)	14. Central Aroostook (B) (124)
15. Hampden (691)	15. Wisdom (104)* (B)
16. Lawrence (674)* (B)	16. Greenville (67)
17. Kennebunk (673)	
18. Camden Hills (669)	
19. Greely (664)	
20. York (625)* (B)	
21. Leavitt (613)	
22. Fryeburg (559)	
23. Lake Region (524)	
24. Cape Elizabeth (555)	
25. Presque Isle (544)	
26. Freeport (511)	
27. ^^Cheverus (465)	
28. ^^Wells (449)* (B)	

NORDIC SKI CLASSIFICATION

<u>CLASS A</u>	<u>CLASS B</u>	<u>CLASS C</u>
<u>600+</u>	<u>400-599</u>	<u>0-399</u>
1. Bangor (1169)* (B)	1. Morse (586)*	1. Orono (346)
2. Oxford Hills (1072)	2. Cape Elizabeth (555)	2. Dirigo (314)
3. Windham (1005)* (G)	3. Erskine (554)* (G)	3. Fort Kent (295)
4. Edward Little (977)	4. Presque Isle (544)	4. Waynflete (260)
5. Deering (927)	5. Freeport (511)	5. Telstar (236)
6. Portland (868)	6. Yarmouth (496)	6. Winthrop (227)* (B)
7. South Portland (846)* (B)	7. Gray-NG (495)	7. Monmouth (214)
8. Brunswick (821)* (G)	8. Spruce Mountain (465)	8. Boothbay (206)
9. Mt. Ararat (804)	9. Wells (449)* (G)	9. St. Dominic (197)* (G)
10. Falmouth (710)	10. Caribou (442)	10. Madawaska (164)
11. Mt. Blue (696)	11. Maranacook (421)	11. Fort Fairfield (144)
12. Camden Hills (669)	12. Mountain Valley (418)	12. Ashland (88)
13. Greely (664)	13. ^^Mt. Abram (247)	13. Maine Coast Waldorf (42)
14. York (625) (G)		14. MSSM (147)
15. Leavitt (613)		
16. ^^Fryeburg (559)		
17. ^^Cheverus (465)* (B)		

*Denotes Individuals ^^Applied to Higher Classification